Jac Negley

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

"PRODESSE CIVIBUS."

Vol. 35. PITTSBURGH. FRIDAY MORNING, JULY 2, 1819. New Series, No. 118

…ublished (every tuesday and friday) by
John I. Scull & Morgan Neville,
… Fourth Street, between Market and Wood
Streets—at $ 4 per Annum.

Marshall's Sales.

By virtue of a writ of sale in Admiralty, to me directed, by the judge of the United States …and for the Western district of Pennsylvania, …ill be exposed to sale, by public outcry, on Monday the 12th day of July next, at 10 o'clock A. M. to the highest and best bidder, the BOAT …r vessel called the

Geneva Boxer,

together with her furniture, tackle, apparel, &c. …ow lying at the mouth of Wood street—On …e libel of William D. Schecker, and others, mariners, for wages.

WM. B. IRISH. Marshal,
W. D. of Penn.

Pittsburgh, June 28, 1819.

NOTICE.

A STATED meeting of the Trustees of the *Western University of Pennsylvania*, will be held at 9 o'clock, on Monday the 5th of July next, at the Academy in Pittsburgh.

June 29.

Stop the Runaway!

JAMES ANNAN, an apprentice to the tin-plate working business, ranaway from the subscriber on the 5th inst. and took with him sundry clothing—among which were a straight claret coloured cloth coat, a snuff coloured coattee, five or six pairs of pantaloons, eight or ten waistcoats, a good fur hat, new shoes, and sundry other clothing not recollected. This fellow is about 6 feet high, slender form, has an ill look, and will steal when he can get an opportunity.

This is to forbid all persons from harbouring or employing him, as they will be dealt with according to law. Whoever will take up said runaway and deliver him to the subscriber, shall receive Five cents reward, but no charges.

GEO. MILTENBERGER.

Pittsburgh, June 22.

The Public

ARE hereby notified that we the subsubscribers have this day appointed *Joshua Malin*, sole *Agent* for the Union Rolling Mill Company.

GEO. EVANS,
MARK STACKHOUSE
for MAHLON ROGERS,
JOSHUA MALIN.

June 21.

JOHN RENO,

Front, between Market and Wood Steeets, has on hand and for sale, a general assortment of

GROCERIES, &c.

OLD MADEIRA, } Wines.
Sicily,
Teneriffe,
Lisbon,
Cogniac Brandy,
Jamaica Spirits,
Old Whiskey,
Country Gin,
Best green coffee in bags and barrels,
Young hyson Tea,
Loaf, } Sugars.
Lump,
New-Orleans,
Pepper, Alspice,
Ginger, Cloves,
Nutmegs, Mace,
Cinnamon,

Mustard, Starch,
Indigo, Madder,
Copperas, Allum,
Rosin, Chalk,
Raisins in boxes,
Soft shelled Almonds,
Shaving Soap,
Best Spanish and Country Segars,
Sup. Royal, No. 5, } Paper.
Royal, 5,
Cap 2 & 3,
Post,
Large and small wrapping,
8 by 10, and 10 by 12, Window Glass,

Kentucky Tobacco,

Dupont's best *Brandywine* POWDER.

All of which are offered on liberal terms.

☞ Good HOGS LARD, in kegs, and other Produce taken in exchange for the above..

Pittsburgh, October 6, 1818. tf

TYPE—For Sale.

…E FOUNT AMERICAN CANNON—New.
…E Ditto SEVEN LINES PICA—Ditto
…E Ditto FIVE LINES PICA, Almost new
…E Ditto DOUBLE ENGLISH—Ditto

Together with an elegant CUT of a HORSE, COMPOSING STICKS, &c. The above will be sold very low. Apply at the Office of the Gazette.

March 2, 1819.

To the Electors of Allegheny County.

…LLOW CITIZENS.

…POM solicitations of a number of my friends, I am induced to offer myself a candidate for the office of SHERIFF, at the ensuing election. Should you think me worthy of the trust, no exertions on my part shall be wanting to fill the office with fidelity, to the best of my abilities.

I am, gentlemen, your ob'dt. serv't
JAMES CROSSAN.

March 12, 1819.

To the Electors of Allegheny County;

GENTLEMEN—I take the liberty of offering myself a candidate for the office of COMMISSIONER at our next annual election. Should I be so fortunate as to be elected, I shall use my best endeavors to fill the office with fidelity and impartiality.

JAMES SAMPLE.

June 11.

BUTTER.

The Subscribers will exchange Merchandize for merchantable BUTTER, in Kegs, at a …price.

WM & JOHN HILL

Pittsburgh, July 2awt

RANAWAY from the subscriber, on the 10th of June, ELIZA DEHAVEN, an indented servant girl between 16 and 17 years of age: had on when she absconded, a green bonnet, a brown ratinett frock, and sundry other articles of cloathing not recollected. Whoever returns said runaway to her master again, shall receive a reward of One Cent, but no charges.

LENARD LEWY.

June 22d, 1819.

Spring & Summer Goods.

ISAAC HARRIS

RESPECTFULLY informs his customers & the public, that he has just received a general assortment of fresh and seasonable

DRY GOODS,

Hard and Brass Wares and Cutlery,
China, Queens and Glass Ware,
Mens' Womens' and Childrens' Shoes.

Groceries, Wines & Spirits,

Spring caught Shad and Herring.

With *many scarce articles*, all of which he selected last month in the Philadelphia market, and will be sold cheap for Cash, or approved country produce.

☞ As I. H. has *positively* declined any further sales on credit, he will continue to afford every consistent accommodation in receiving payment.

⁂ Those indebted to Isaac Harris, by note or book account, for a longer period than three months, are earnestly requested to make immediate settlement. All accounts unsettled on the 10th of June next, will be put in suit without respect to persons.

ON HAND.

Flaxseed, for seed or domestic use,
Shot, Powder and Lead,
Castings and domestic Pottery,
Louisiana Cotten—superior quality,
Vinegar, by retail only,
Ginger, by the keg—Nails, Sprigs and Brads,
Riding and Gig Whips, Watch Chrystals, and

A general Assortment of

MERCHANDIZE.

Pittsburgh, May 21.

DUPONT'S GUN-POWDER

THE subscribers having receiv'd a general assortment of Powder, manufactured by Messrs. E. J. Dupont, de Nemours & Co. so well known for its superior quality, viz.

OPg, Fg, FFg, FFFg,

Which they offer for sale on the most reasonable terms.

—ALSO—

150 Kegs Nitre-Hall Powder.

FOR SALE BY
GEO. BOGGS & CO.

Pittsburgh, April 9, 1819.

24 Dozen Waldron's Grass & Grain SCYTHES,

10 Dozen Bramble ditto.

13 dozen CUTTING KNIVES,
15 do. ENGLISH SPADES & SHOVELS
FOR SALE BY

James Riddle & Co.

Market, between 3d and 4th streets.

Pittsburgh, May 24.

BUTLER & LAMBDIN,

Continue their

Book and Job PRINTING OFFICE,

Where will be printed with the utmost despatch *BOOKS, MAGAZINES AND PAMPHLETS.*

Mercantile Blanks;

SUCH AS

Checks, Receipts, Bills of lading, Bills of parcels, Due-bills, &c.

Law Blanks.

Judgements and common Bonds, Deeds, Leases Declarations, Protests, &c.

Magistrates' & Aldermans' Blanks.

Summons's, Scieri Facias, Commitments, Indentures, Warrants, Executions, Rules of Refference &c. for the city and counties.

HAND-BILLS, CIRCULARS, ADVERTISEMENTS, CARDS,

Together with every other description of Book and Job Printing.

Pittsburgh, June 12.

Thirty Dollars Reward.

RANAWAY from the subscriber, at General Marks' Tavern, on the 29th of May a NEGRO MAN, named JARRET, about twenty one years of age—five feet 10 inches high, and stout made—had on when he ran off, a blue coat much worn at the elbows, a pair of coarse drab domestic cloth pantaloons, a pair of old Munroe shoes, and a fur hat much worn—he is tolerably black and full faced. Jarret ranaway originally from Morgantown, Virginia, and had been taken and lodged in Pittsburgh jail, from which he was taken by Alpheus P. Wilson by my directions, and escaped from him at the above place. The above reward will be given to any person who will commit him to the jail of Allegheny county or any other jail so that I can get him again.

THOMAS WILSON.

Morgantown, Va. June 1.

Irwin & H. Wallace,

Have just received and offer For Sale

250 bbls. best quality rectified LAKE SALT

200 BARRELS CONEMAUGH DITTO,
A large quantity of the best quality
COUNTRY LINNEN, BAGS & BAGGING,
Also, about 6 Tons assorted

Juniata Bar Iron,

12 Tons assorted CASTINGS,
8 Tons PIG METAL.

They will receive in payment for Castings,

WOOSTER,
CLEAVELAND,
CANTON,
SMITHFIELD, &
NEW-SALEM

Paper, if offered before the 1st March next.

February 2, 1819.

NOTICE.

GLASER & CO. have resigned their business in this city, to GLASER & CAMMANN, who will continue the same on their own account.

All persons having any demands against *Glaser & Co.* will please to present their accounts, and those indebted to the same to make immediate payment to Glaser & Cammann.

GLASER & CO.

Pittsburgh, February 15, 1819.

Augustus Henry Glaser, AND Hermann H. C. Cammann,

Have formed a connextion in the

Commission Business,

under the firm of GLASER & CAMMANN.

AUGUSTUS HENRY GLASER,
HERMANN H. C. CAMMANN,

Who have for Sale at their Ware-House in Front Street between Market and Wood Streets,

American Boiler Iron,
Nails, Scythes,
Cutting Knives,
Window Glass, all sizes,
Porter Bottles,
Hollow Ware

Conemaugh Salt,
Teas,
A few barrels Mackarel,
Blankets,
Canton Crapes, &c.

Allen & Grant

Will RENT from the first of January next, the NEW BRICK

Warehouse,

adjoining the one they occupy

Pittsburgh, Decembe 11, 1818.

Pittsburgh Manufacturing Association.

A NUMBER of the Mechanicks and Manufacturers of the City of Pittsburgh and its vicinity, anxious to promote and invigorate that spirit of domestic industry which is so essential to the prosperity of the western country, having entered into an association under the above denomination, inform the public that they have opened a large and convenient Brick Warehouse in Wood Street, between Front and Second Streets, for the reception and sale of the different articles which they manufacture, together with such articles of domestick produce and manufacture as may be deposited for sale, or consigned to their care; and have appointed George Cochran their Chief Clerk or Agent, to whom all orders and communications on the mercantile business of the association, will in future be addressed. They intend to receive, forward and dispose of all goods entrusted to their care, (especially articles of domestick produce and manufacture) on the most reasonable terms, and hope to give satisfaction to those who may please to favour them with their custom and patronage. From the variety and extent of domestic produce and manufactures which may be collected and offered for sale at their Warehouse, with punctuality in paying over the proceeds, and attention to business, a beneficial result is anticipated, as well to the vender as the purchaser.

All orders enclosing the cash for articles manufactured by the members of the association, or sold in their Warehouse, will be promptly and faithfully executed, at the lowest wholesale prices, without any charge for commission, and western current notes taken in payment

It is also intended to exchange manufactured articles for country produce and raw materials, such as Iron, Lead, Wool, Cotton, Sugar, Salt, Whiskey, Bacon, Hogs-lard, Butter, Cheese, Flaxseed Oil, Hogs Bristles, Linen, Yarn, Rags.

Annexed is a list of articles now offered for Sale.

GEORGE SUTTON
President of the Association.

Pittsburgh, April 21, 1819. 6t

Axes, adzes and augers
Balances patent
Bellows, smith
Brushes, an assort't
Buttons, bridle bitts & bridles
Blank books,
Biscuit and crackers
Castings
Copper stills, counter weights
Castor frames and crewets
Chairs & cabinet ware, a variety
Cutlery, a variety,
Coffee Mills,
Domestic cloth & cord
Casinet and shawls
Drawing chains
Edge tools, a variety
Furniture mounting
Grindstones
Glass, window, 8 by 10, 10 by 12, 11 by 16
Gun barrels assorted
Hackles, hatchets and hoes
Hammers
Hats, an assortment
Iron, bar and rolled

Nails, an assortment
Patent Ploughs and Mould Boards
Planes
Paper, No. 1, 2, 3, &c.
Plated Bridle Bitts, Stirrup Irons, Bridle Mounting, &c.
Shot
Saddles, Men and Women's
Scale Beams
Steelyards
Sawmill Irons
Soap
Shovel and Tongs
Tobacco
Tin Ware
Tea Kettles, copper and iron
Tacks and Sprigs,
Clouts and Sparables,
Whips, Coach, Gig, and Riding, an assortment, at Philadelphia prices
Whiskey, rectified and common
Woffle Irons
Wire Work;

With a variety of articles manufactured in Pittsburgh, not enumerated above.

Henry Bheares,

CHAIR MAKER,

Second, between Wood and Smithfield Streets, at the foot of the Market.

GRATEFUL for past favours, respectfully informs his friends and the public in general, that he has on hand a handsome assortment of FANCY and WINDSOR CHAIRS and SETTEES, which he offers for sale on accommodating terms.

Having determined to execute every article in his line in the best and most fashionable manner, he flatters himself from that conduct and assiduous attention to business, to merit a share of public patronage.

Orders from a distance can be filled with articles of workmanship equal, if not superior to any made here, and perhaps on more moderate terms.

Wanted immediately, a person who is well acquainted with *Chair Painting* and *Ornamenting*, to whom good wages will be given.

One or two Apprentices wanted to the above business. Boys from the country will be preferred.

Pittsburgh, May 11, 1819.

Storage and Commission Business.

Matthias Winans & Andrew M. January

HAVING entered into partnership to transact the above business, under the firm of WINANS & JANUARY, as successors to the late firm of Samuel January, Sen. & Co. They hope from their knowledge of said business, and by care and strict attention to merit a share of public patronage.

They have on hand and for sale, a large quantity of

BAR & NAIL IRON—assorted.
Castings—assorted,
Cut Nails—assorted sizes,
Wrought ditto ditto
Iron Wire Sieves, & Riddles, different Nos.
Iron Wire Screens, ditto ditto
White Lead in Oil,
Prime Glazed Rifle Powder,
A large quantity of Copperas,

Groceries & Liquors, etc.

ALSO,

A great variety of Books and Stationary, etc.

All of which will be sold low for Cash, or on reasonable credits.

Maysville, April 17, 1819.——M116m

Dissolution of Partnership

THE copartnership heretofore existing under the firm of *Samuel January, Sen. & Co.* has this day been dissolved bu mutual consent; those indebted to the said firm will please make payment to Samuel A. January, who is authorised to settle the business, and those having claims against said firm will please call on him for payment.

Samuel January, Sen.
Samuel A. January,
Peter T. January.
Andrew M. January.

Maysville, April 17, 1819. M116m

Workmen Wanted.

TWO REFINERS, TWO HAMMERMEN and FOUR PUDLERS, wanted at the *Union Rolling Works*, Pittsburgh. Also, FOUR APPRENTICES, 16 or 17 years of age. Apply to the subscriber at the Works.

JOSHUA MALIN.

April 22, 1819. tf

Wm. Hill and Brothers.

WILL PURCHASE AT FAIR PRICES,
FLOUR, WHISKEY, PORK,
Vinegar,
Peas & Beans,
Tallow,
Hogs-lard

Pittsburgh, January 8, 1819.——2awtf

Eichbaum & Johnston,

BOOKSELLERS, AND PRINTERS

Second, between Market & Wood streets.

HAVE JUST PUBLISHED

THE
WESTERN CALCULATOR,
OR A
NEW AND COMPENDIOUS SYSTEM
OF PRACTICAL
ARITHMETIC
CONTAINING THE
ELEMENTARY PRINCIPLES & RULES OF CALCULATION,
IN WHOLE, MIXED, AND DECIMAL NUMBERS.
ARRANGED, DEFINED, & ILLUSTRATED
in a plain and natural order; and adapted to the use of schools, throughout the western country, and present commerce of the United States.
IN EIGHT PARTS.
BY J. STOCKTON, A. M.

September 1, 1818 tf

Information Wanted.

IF any person can give me information where a certain WILLIAM GROGAN, who lately resided with the subscriber, at his farm on the Turnpike, three miles from Pittsburgh, they will confer a very particular favour on me. The object of this notice is to ascertain his place of residence, so that I may procure his testimony in a case pending in this county.

PHILIP WINEBIDDLE.

Pitt township, Allegheny co. June 4.

SELDEN & McNAIR,

HAVE JUST RECEIVED,

AN EXTENSIVE ASSORTMENT OF SEASONABLE

DRY GOODS,

In Wood, between Third and Fourth streets.

Pittsburgh, May 4, 1819

Valuable Real Estate and Ground Rents for Sale.

THE subscriber offers for sale, on reasonable terms, the following very valuable real estate and ground rents in the city of Pittsburgh, to wit:

One Lot, situate at the corner of Ferry and Water streets, containing 35 feet front on Water street and the Monongahela river, and 98 feet on Ferry street, now in the possession of Mr. Florence Cotter, and occupied as a grocery and liquor store, and rented at 450 dollars per annum.

Also, one lot situated on the west side of Market street, between First and Second streets, containing 23 feet front on Market street by 70 feet deep, at present unoccupied—formerly occupied as a saddler's shop—for which business or for a dry goods store, it is one of the best stands in the city.

Also—ground rent to the amount of two thousand dollars per annum, secured upon real estate, on which is erected permanent brick buildings, in some of the most conspicuous parts of the city.

The terms upon which this property will be disposed of are of the most advantageous kind.—A very small portion of the purchase money will be required in hand—and the balance may be paid, either in annual instalments, with interest, or in such portions as may be convenient to the purchaser, payment being secured by mortgage or judgement—it being the object of the subscriber to give a long credit.

Application may be made to Walter Forward, Esq. at his office in the Diamond, or to the subscriber in Pitt township, on the turnpike road, three miles from Pittsburgh, who will describe the property and make known the terms of sale.

WILLIAM HAMILTON.

May 16, 1818.——tf

Notice.

HAVING removed to Harrisburgh I have placed my docket papers and business in the hands of CHARLES SHALER, Esq. a gentleman in whose professional skill and integrity my numerous friends and clients may place the most implicit confidence.

The following books are missing from my library, viz. 5th and 6th Binney, 1st Hawkins, 9th Harris' Entries, 8th Wilson's Reports—any person having the same will confer an obligation on me by leaving them at Mr. Shaler's *office, next door to the Black Bear inn in the Diamond.*

S DOUGLAS.

Pittsburgh, February 12, 1819——tf

P. S. I will attend to land business and other agencies in Harrisburgh; and those who entrust me with the same may depend on my punctuality.

For Sale, A Negro Girl,

12 YEARS of age, who has to serve until 28, for terms enquire at this Office.

May 4.

PATENT GAS FIRE,

FOR STEAM BOAT.

A CONCENTRATED FUEL for Steam-Boats has been invented, consisting of Tar or other carbonaceous substance, commingled with Steam,

The apparatus is simple; the management easy and safe. It is a great auxiliary to a wood or coal fire, which it both enlivens, encreases and saves—for it seems to combine so rapidly with the oxygen of the air, as to prevent the wood from wasting or consuming so fast as usual, the blaze, notwithstanding, being very active and intense.

The apparatus consists of a double vessel of copper or iron, cylindrical, lying on its side, upon or rather between the boilers, if there are 2.

Tar, Turpentine, Rosin, Spirits, Oil, or other combustible fluid, being put into the inner one, steam is allowed to flow from the boiler through a pipe and cock into the space between and thro' a few holes on the upper side of the inner one to press on the surfaee of the tar, which being heated by the surrounding steam, is at pleasure driven out through a small pipe (having a stop cock) meeting and uniting with another pipe leading out steam from the spaee between—the continuation of the pipe then leads to the fire or flue. The longer this pipe (if kept hot) the better. It need not be more than a quarter of an inch in diameter.

In its way the tar is extremely attenuated and mingling with the steam. Some chemists are of opinion that by the attraction of its carbon, it decomposes the steam into the constituents of water, oxygen and hydrogen, and combines with them to form the highly inflamable Gasses, carbonic-acid and carburetted hydrogen, or if not thus formed in the pipe, they are produced at or near its orifice, which need not be more than the tenth of an inch diameter for a boiler of considerable size.

The only art in management, is to graduate the flow of the tar and steam to such proportion as that neither shall appear to predominate, and in taking care that the fluid be previously strained so as not to obstruct the pipe by any extraneous particles. This will easily be done by placing a seive over the reservoir, from which a pipe (having a stop cock) leads into one end of the tar vessel. There is of course a safety valve and a stop cock to draw the condensed steam from between the two vessels, formed there in the beginning of the operation, while the tar was at a low temperature. Its position on the boilers will, however soon heat it. Tar boils only at a much higher temperature than water—there is therefore no danger from it.

The advantages of this kind of fuel will be very great in long passages. No steam boat or vessel can navigate the Ocean without it; and it will be found economical and convenient in every situation.

Being of recent origin, it has not been put in practice in many instances, but in several, under my own observation, and witnessed by many persons, its effects are admirable.

This advertisement is intended to offer its use gratis to a few boats, whose proprietors shall first obtain a licence. The price of this improvement afterwards will be several thousand dollars per boat, which it will be found economical in most situations to pay. The patent right for local use will be for sale after its value shall be further tested.

Licences to use this invention will be granted by

JOHN L. SULLIVAN.
Assignee of the patent of Samuel Morey

Boston, February 13, 1818.

Pittsburgh Gazette.

FRIDAY MORNING, JULY 2, 1819.

The Legislature, at the last session evinced great sensibility as to the state of public morals by suppressing banks, and by their law providing for the guardianship of drunkards. We shall feel happy, if they would *follow up their strokes* at next meeting, and take into consideration the evils that are flowing from the state of our society as regards vagrant free negroes. Pittsburgh is becoming a perfect St. Domingo, and the free blacks may be viewed as a privileged order—they enjoy all the rights of freemen, and they are exempt from the burden of militia duty and fines. This is not, however, what we complain of; they have become a perfect nuisance on the face of industry; we have four or five respectable exceptions to be sure, but they only operate to make the case the more striking. Pittsburgh, for many years, has been remarkable for the industry of its inhabitants; notwithstanding this, the labouring class, with all its economy can no more than support their families.—This free gentry, however, who spend three fourths of their time in lounging through our streets, or leaning against corner posts, and who never engage in any regular employment, are always well fed, and very generally tolerably clothed. How is this accomplished? is a question worthy of the notice of our police and of our legislature. We shall be happy for the sake of morality; as well as for the security of property, if the subject could be efficiently brought up.

Instances of American genius are becoming more frequent every year, and the United States seems destined to peculiar splendour in the department of the fine arts; the muse of painting seems to shew a marked attachment for the western continent. It is to be regretted, that we have so little of the spirit of Macænas amongst us; if it were otherwise, American reputation would be encircled with a more brilliant hallo, and less genius and talent would be suffered to sink under despondency, or to "shed its sweets on the desert air." Pittsburgh, at this moment, presents a melancholy example of the want of patronage. An amiable youth of the name of Bowman, has been painting portraits here for eighteen months, in order to enable him to visit our metropolis for the purpose of examining the productions of our first masters. We do not profess to be connoisseurs in painting, but as far as we are capable of judging from the specimens he has exhibited, we should pronounce him to possess uncommon natural powers in some branches of the art. His ambition we suspect, is to become an historical painter, and he is most ardent, enthusiastic, and sanguine in his anticipations of ultimate success. When we consider that he is a native of the "Western wilds," that he never approached the easel of a painter, that he never received a solitary hint even as to the mixing of colours, we cannot but regret that fortune had not thrown him into a situation where he might have enjoyed the benefits of the notice of a Sully, a Stewart, or of a West. We feel satisfied that he only wants some master to direct his taste, and to lift the veil that conceals some portion of the art from him, to enable him to attain a considerable degree of eminence. He has lately devoted some time to a full length picture of Washington, after the design of Stewart; to those who have not yet seen any specimens of his talents, we recommend a view of this painting; to our perception there are some parts of it most admirable, and we conceive it well worthy to grace the room of the patriot and the man of taste.

If we could suppose with the Parsis, that the world is under the dominion of two principles, one of which creates all the evil, the other all the good which occurs in this life, we should be tempted to believe that it is in Africa where the evil principle exercises unlimited sway. No portion of the globe produces so much poison, so many beasts of prey, or such a quantity of venemous reptiles. The little that we know of the history of Morocco, of the negroes of Arda, of the Jaggas and of all the people whose names have reached us from the northern coasts, to the country of the Hottentots, bears a close resemblance with that of the lions, panthers and serpents, so worthy to participate in the soil, with the ferocious and cannibal monarchs of the country.—In the midst of these disgusting scenes, however, amongst those sanguinary monsters, a part of whom send their children into foreign slavery, and a part, as it is sometimes asserted, devour their prisoners, a solitary instance is sometimes found of natural justice, of true virtue, of unshaken constancy, and of a generous contempt of death. These instances, rare as they are, are sufficient to interest us for these degraded beings, and to recal to our minds that they are men; thus, in the burning desert, the straggling shrubs that the traveller finds, scattered "few and far between," remind him that he is still upon earth.

From the Detroit Gazette.

HISTORICAL MEMORANDA,

OF THE

Territory of Michigan.

The earliest period at which, from authentic data, we are able to fix the first settlement of any importance by white people in this territory, is the year 1683; at this period the French government in Canada, in pursuance of their policy of gaining an ascendency over the Indian tribes, thereby to secure to themselves the benefits of the fur trade, to the exclusion of the colonies of New-York and New-England, as well as the alliance of the Indians in their wars with these colonies, had extended their settlements to Detroit and Michilimackinac. From this period merged in the history of Canada, and possessing no individuality of character, it remained under a colonial military government, until after the capitulation of Quebec, in the year 1759, and of Montreal, in the year 1760, when Detriot and Michilimackinac were surrendered by the governor of Canada to his Britannic majesty, and were immediately garrisoned by English troops. The civil chief magistracy of the country was then vested in a military commandant, under the governor of Canada. Although Great Britain by the success of her arms, had obtained the whole of the French possessions in Canada, the Indians within its limits were by no means satisfied with the change—they still retained that predilection for the French, which it had been the policy of that government and of the Jesuit priests to inspire. Consequently, in 1763, a confederation of the Hurons, Miamies, Chippewas, Ottaways, Pottawatimies and the Messasaugies, with, perhaps, some other tribes, was formed to act against the British posts. The Indians under the command of Pontiac, a celebrated chief of the Miamies, surprised and took Michilimackinac by one of those stratagems which so peculiarly distinguished the savage character, but contrary to the custom of the Indians, few lives were taken on this occasion, and the garrison and traders were sent to Montreal. Emboldened by this success, Pontiac with his army proceeded to Detroit, in force about 3000 strong. Having succeeded so well in his former stratagem, he determined to capture Detroit by similar means. He approached the town under the pretence of trade, and 'to brighten the chain of Peace,' proposed a council. He selected a number of the most daring of his followers to accompany him to the fort, in which the pretended council was to be held, having sawed of their guns sufficiently short to be concealed under their blankets. It was arranged that at a signal they were to to fire upon the officers, let in their companions, and commence a general massacre. The execution of this daring plan was, however, prevented by an Indian woman, who communicated it to Major Gladwin, the commanding officer. The Indians went to the council according to the plan preconcerted, but from the dispositions made by the commanding officer to receive them, they were diverted from attempting to execute their design, and the commanding officer having openly charged them with their treachery, permitted them to retire unmolested. Ungrateful for this ill-judged magnanimity, they soon after invested the place and a siege was continued, with occasional skirmishes, for more than a year. Of these skirmishes, the most disastrous to the British was the defeat of captain Delzil, at a place since called Bloody Bridge, about two miles above Detroit. The party of captain Delzil consisted of 200, of which a great proportion, including himself, fell victims to the savages. Thus reduced, it was with great difficulty the commanding officer continued to maintain the place until he was relieved by a British schooner, with a reinforcement and supplies. This vessel had narrowly escaped capture, having been attacked and boarded by a large number of Indians, who surrounded her in canoes opposite the head of an Island, since called Fighting Island. Her escape from capture was owing to some one on board calling out to set fire to the magazine; this having been communicated to the Indians by a Frenchman of their party, they left the vessel with precipitation. Soon after this the Indians raised the siege and separated. A short time after this period, difficulties between Britain and her colonies began to arise, and the war broke out in 1775. During this struggle, and before its commencement strong appeals had been made to the people of Canada by the other colonies, to induce them to join in the cause of liberty, but without effect. This is probably to be accounted for in the difference of their relative laws and government. The people of the colonies, particularly of New-England having fled from oppression in the old world, were from their first emigration into the new, particularly jealous of civil liberty, and could not but be disposed to resist with indignation any attempt to tax them without their consent. On the contrary Canada from its first colonization appears to have been governed by a military commandant—hence the people know little of the benefits, and relish still less the trouble of self government.

[*To be Continued.*]

[Reported for the Democratic Press.]

COURT OF QUARTER SESSIONS.

June 15th, 1819.

A very peculiar case, or rather six cases, for there was that number of indictments, all arising out of the same controversy, came before the court this day, in which although its general features were of a private nature, not interesting to the public, yet there was one part of the case in which all mankind are interested. It is the practice of empirics, or what are commonly called quack doctors.

A black man who calls himself *Dr. William Patterson*, has been for several years past a resident of the city & county of Philadelphia, had palmed himself upon the ignorant part of the people as a physician of nature, and has asserted that he had learnt the art among the American Indians, and that he used only vegetable medicines, no mineral medicines.—This negro has, however, been a sort of jack-of-all-trades, for he was at once a doctor, apothecary, fortune teller, vendor of love-powder, or an herb which nincompoops call by that name, and as some of his enemies say, has been in the habit of vending a nostrum which would cause abortions. It appeared in evidence on the trial that this famous doctor can neither read nor write, and yet he did a very considerable business in the several branches of his *profession*.

The other parties of the case were Mr. J. a respectable baker of this city, and his wife. It appeared that these parties were married, December 23d, 1811, and had lived several years together as man and wife, as comfortably as usual, during which time they had three children, all of whom are still living.

About two years ago, while Mr. J. was absent on business for about two weeks, Mrs. J. whether for the purpose of getting her fortune told, or taking some of this learned doctor's medicine did not satisfactorily appear. But it did appear that a very unaccountable intimacy took place between Mrs. J. and this negro, from the time of their first interview. This was proven by Mr. J's. servants and others, and it amounted to the strongest presumptive evidence, that there was at that time criminal conversation between this negro and Mrs. J. but Mr. J. was not informed of the facts which were now given in evidence; the witnesses stating that they did not give Mr. J. the information, because they did not wish to part man and wife. The husband and wife about this time became a very unhappy couple, and eventually separated on certain conditions, such as the transfer of bank stock, and the stipulation to pay a given sum weekly for her support. There was a volume of circumstantial or presumptive evidence to prove the intimacy and very suspicious intercourse between this man and woman, which was completed by positive proof—that the woman & the negro were found in bed together, asleep, hugged in each other's arms at midnight. The husband was present on this occasion and some breaches of the peace and assaults and batteries took place. Hence arose the other four indictments, in addition to those against the woman for adultery, and Patterson for fornication.

It would be difficult to give any thing like an outline of the defence set up for Mrs. J. and her counsel failed in proving any thing in her behalf, except her former good character, which was proved beyond the shadow of doubt. Her attachment to the negro was very mysterious and ambiguous. Her own account of it before R. Renshaw, Esq. before whom she confessed the fact of having been in bed with the negro, was that he had given her some herbs, which caused her to fall passionately in love with him.

The trial continued three days, and there were no less than fifty witnesses examined. The jury found Mrs. J. guilty of adultery, the negro guilty of fornication, and likewise of an assault & battery on Mr. J. with intent to murder him, and acquitted Mr. J. on two bills, one for an assault and battery, with intent to murder the negro, and the other for the same offence against his wife. He was likewise acquitted with three other men on an indictment for a riot. The convicted defendants were not in court when the verdicts were given, and their recognizances were forfeited.

To the Editor of the Democratic Press.

Sir—I have seen a half sheet, headed by the figure of a mad dog of the wolf breed, and by an anatomical delineation of the bones of the head of the dog, underneath is an account of the symptoms of *canine madness*, and directions for treating a person recently bitten. These directions and descriptions are plain, intelligible, full of good sense, and accurate pathology. The figures with which the half sheet is headed, are not only accurately correct, but have very great merit as drawings. The whole is published by M. Le Sieur, No. 104, So. Front street, beyond all doubt the best draughts-man in America. The whole of this half sheet would occupy perhaps a column of this paper, but it would be injustice to M. Le Sieur the delineator and publisher of these spirited drawings, to insert a single paragraph of a publication, price only 12½ cents, which contains more important and accurate information on the subject of canine madness, than any book we have seen. We earnestly recommend it to our readers. T. C.

[To these remarks of our correspondent we unhesitatingly subscribe, and would accompany them with another.—The "notice on *Hydrophobia*" is printed on stout paper, and if put in a common frame and glazed, would be a cheap, useful and instructive ornament in the barroom of every Hotel and tavern in the United States.

From the New-Orleans Friend of the Laws.

Sir—Seeing in your paper of yesterday some observations on the project of a passage to the Pacific Ocean, by means of a canal, across the Isthmus of Darien, brings to my mind a proposition made to the King of Spain by Sr. Dn. Salvador St. Martin, the bishop of Chiapa, who resides in Cindad Real, which is the capital.—West of this city the river Goazaccalcos, takes its rise and running N. E. empties into the Gulph of Mexico, about 30 leagues East of Vera Cruz; it has ten and twelve feet water on its bar, and is navigable for craft of four or five feet up to the above city. East of the said city to the river, (or a stream which empties into the river) Chimilapa takes its rise, and taking a westwardly direction empties into the Pacific Ocean, at the port of Tehauntipa, which is a good harbour for large ships, and the river is navigable for craft of four and five feet up to the above city of Cindad Real; the two rivers passing each other at or near the city in nearly a parallel line at the distance of only seven miles from each other; neither of them have falls to impede their navigation, and the ground through which a canal would have to be cut to connect the two rivers is neither mountainous nor rocky.

I have seen a minute description of the rivers, and the countries through which they pass, contained in a petition to the King of Spain, begging permission to cut the above canal; it was presented in the year 1816, and contained the most convincing evidence of the facility with which the oceans might be connected. The petition met with an utter denial from the King of Spain. Had it been granted, the attention of those concerned, was to have steam-boats employed between the two oceans, which would have made a voyage in much less time than it occupies between this and Louisville; and as the mouth of the Goazaccoalcos is not more than eight or ten days' sail from the mouth of the Mississippi, may we not, with propriety, hope that Spanish America will soon shake of the European yoke, when she will be at liberty to make improvements for her own benefit, without consulting those who have no rule of government but their own jealous fears. Should such a communication be opened between the two oceans, what calculations can realize the future grandeur of New-Orleans?

AN ANECDOTE.—*Versified.*

A Pat, an odd joker—and a Yankee more sly,
Once riding together, a gallows pass'd by:
Said the Yankee to Pat, 'if I don't make too free,
Give that gallows its due, and pray where would you be?'
'Why, honey,' said Pat, 'faith that's easily known;
I'd be riding to town by myself all alone.'

On the death of Gen. Wolfe, a premium being offered for the best written epitaph on that brave officer, amongst the rest there was a poem from which the following stanza is selected:

"He marched, without dread or fears,
At the head of his bold grenadiers;
And what was more miraculous—nay, *very particular*,
He climbed up rocks that were perpendicular."

Stray Cow.

STRAYED away from Pittsburgh, on Monday the 14th of June, a small, dark, brindled COW, about 7 or 8 years old—She has a white face, brown ears, short crooked horns, a white stripe along her back to the rump, white belly, and very short legs, whoever gives information where she may be had shall receive Three dollars reward, and if returned to me in Pittsburgh, all reasonable charges.

JAMES THOMSON, *Watch-Maker*

Pittsburgh, June 29.

Dr. John H Irwin,

HAVING established himself at the house of Col. WM. LEE, about 7 miles west of Pittsburgh, Allegheny county, tenders his professional services to the people of his neighbourhood.

He brought with him from Philadelphia, some genuine VACCINE VIRUS, for those who wish their children vaccinated.

June 29.

NOTICE.

Mr. Gilbert M'Kown,

MERCHANT, of the city of Pittsburgh, having made an assignment of his estate to the subscribers in trust for his creditors, those persons indebted to him, will please to make payment, and his creditors render their demands to either of the subscribers.

CHRISTIAN LATSHAW,
JOHN SPEAR.

Pittsburgh, June 15.

Pittsburgh Prices Current.

corrected weekly for the Gazette,

Articles	From	D.	C.	to D.	C.
ALE,	doz.	3		3	50
Ashes pot,	lb.		6¼		
—— pearl,			8		
Anchors,			25		
Bacon, Kentucky,			10		12
—— country,			12½		
Bottles,	groce	24			
Bread, crackers,	cwt.	7			
—— pilot,		5			
Butter,	lb.		12		15
Candles, mould, tallow,			25		
—— dipt,			20		
Castings assorted,	ton	120		125	
Cheese,	lb.		12½		18
Coffee,					40
Cotton,			34		37
Cordage,			12½		16
Cider,	bbl.	2	50	3	
Cloth, Steub. sup.	yard	8		11	
—— do. com.		5	50		
—— Pitts. sup.		7	50	9	
—— do. com.		4	50		
—— country,					
Clover seed	bush.	10			
Feathers,	lb.		62½		
Flax, clean,			12½		15
—— seed,	bush.		62		75
Flour, wheat, sup.	bbl.	6			
—— com.		5			
—— rye,	cwt.	1	87	2	
—— corn meal,		1	50	1	75
Fur, Beaver,	lb.	3		4	
Glass, Pitt. man. 100 sq. feet. 8 by 10	box	10			
—— 10 by 12		11			
—— 12 by 14		14			
Grain, wheat,	bush		75		85
—— rye			50		62½
—— barley,			62½		75
—— corn,			40		50
—— oats,			31		37½
Glue,	lb.		25		30
Gunpowder,			40		45
Iron, Juniata,	ton	200		210	
—— Monongahela,		180			
—— hoop, large,		235		240	
—— do. small,		250			
—— sheet, Amer.	lb.		20		
—— do. foreign,			22		
Lead, pig,			7		
—— bar,			9		
—— red,					
—— white, dry			19		
—— ground in oil,	cwt.	22			
Lumber, boards, pine,	100f.		75	1	75
—— do. oak,		1		2	50
Leather, soal, Spanish,			38		40
—— do. country,	lb.		31		33½
—— upper,	side	3		3	50
Nails, all sizes, cut,	lb.		14½		19
—— wrought,			22		25
—— spikes					
Oil linseed,	gal.		87½		
—— fish	bbl.	40			
Pork,		20			
Porter, bottled,	doz.	3			
—— barrell,		9			
Plaster of Paris,	ton				
Pipes,	groce	5			
Paper, writing, No. 1,	ream	4	50		
—— do. 2,		4			
—— do. 3,		3	50		
—— printing demy,		3			
—— do. medium.		3	50		
—— do. royal,		4			
—— do. sup. royal,		4	50		
Peach, Brandy.	gal.		75		
Salt, Connemaugh,	bbl.	10			
—— Lake,					
—— Kenhawa,		9			
Segars, Spanish,	box	10		16	
—— American,	1000	2	50		
Shot, all sizes,	lb.		12		
Skin, Deer,			16		
—— muskrat,	skin		22		
—— racoon,			40		
Steel, Crowley,	fag.		30		35
—— American,			23		25
—— German,	lb.		25		
—— blistered,	cwt.	17			
Soap, white,	lb.		15		
—— rosin,			15		
Sugar, N. Orleans.			18		22
—— country,			16		
—— loaf,			34		
—— lump,			32		
Spanish brown, dry,	cwt.	5			
Salt Petre, crude,			20		
—— refined,			33		
Shingles, pine, joint,	1000				
—— oak, lap,					
Staves, hogshead,					
—— barrel,					
Tallow,			12		
Tobacco, Kentucky,			14		
—— Pittsburgh			20		
—— leaf,			10		
Tin, in boxes,	box	23			
—— block,	lb.		30		
Wool Merino, clean,			50		
—— fleece,					
—— half breed,					
—— quarter,					
—— common, clean,			30		
—— fleece,					
Wax, bees,			25		
Whiskey, rye.	gal.		45		

FRESH PROVISION MARKET.

Beef,	lb.	5½
Pork,		5½
Veal,		8
Mutton,		8
Turkeys,	piece	
Ducks	pair	
Chickens,		25
Butter,	lb.	16
Eggs,	doz.	18
Fish,	lb.	12½

Wants a Situation,

BY a steady, active young man, who is qualified to take charge of a Steam-Bo any of the western waters. Very respec references will be given.

All letters (post paid) directed to the of the Baltimore Patriot, will be duly atten

June 29.

Dupont's Brandywin

POWDER

JUST RECEIVED, 250 KEGS CON

OF

O P, F F g, F F r, FF

FFF g,

DUPONT'S BRANDYWINE POW

For Sale, on low terms by

BOSLER

November 18, 1818.

PITTSBURGH.

Friday, July 2, 1819.

On Tuesday night last our city was visited by a very severe gale of wind.—It commenced about 12 o'clock, and continued for several minutes. Many windows were broken by the violence of the gust, and one building belonging to Mr. George Sutton, completely unroofed.—We have heard of many other accounts of this kind. If the principal current did not pass over Pittsburgh, we fear some part of the neighbouring country has suffered seriously.

We hope that the "Stranger in Pittsburgh," who appeared in the last Gazette, will not forget his promise. On all subjects touching political economy, we feel much interested, and if our correspondent will start any thing new on this head, without bringing in Doctor Smith to his aid, we shall be much gratified. The present state of our market is abominable; agriculture, of course, must be equally wretched; any thing, therefore, that will tend to ameliorate our situation, must be acceptable. We some time ago proposed the establishment of an agricultural society, as a means of accomplishing a change in our system: we did presume that an association of this kind would tend, in some measure, to surround the honourable occupation of tillage, with a degree of importance that might excite an emulation, and by mingling a little science with practice, produce some very beneficial effects. The tone of public mind, however, has precluded any attempt of this kind; the general embarrassment that pervades every class of society, has turned the attention of individuals entirely from public to private concerns. If, however, the "Stranger" can suggest any thing new, we shall be much indebted to him.

We cannot forbear expressing the satisfaction we experienced at an examination of the scholars of Mr. Moody's academy. The great correctness displayed by many of the youngest boys, in English grammar, arithmetic, and the elementary parts of geography, afford very strong evidence of the zeal, system and constant attention of this teacher, to his arduous, but sacred duties. The emulation that appeared to distinguish all the classes is also highly to Mr Moody's credit, as it is evidence that he possesses the necessary requisites for his profession, so honourable, but so neglected.

We cannot suffer this opportunity to escape, without protesting against the indifference to public examinations, which so eminently marks the character of the citizens of Pittsburgh, on all occasions. We are not able to draw a comparison between this and other places, but judging alone by those feeling with which we view every thing relating to the education of youth, we are impressed with a conviction that this ceremony cannot be clothed with too much importance. This is the only method of cherishing that praise worthy ambition, without which, youths of ordinary capacity, will make but little progress; but with which, talents below mediocrity, may be made to produce the most happy fruits.

Original.

FOR THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE.

FRIENDSHIP.

If in this life there is a charm,
To chase its cares away,
A power those sorrows to disarm
That on the heart would prey.

'Tis when we find a mind and heart,
Congenial with our own,
Those harmless pleasures to impart,
To wordlings all unknown.

Oh, cold as Lapland's coast that breast,
That feels not friendship's glow—
That heart in icy fetters prest,
Congealed within its snow.

Dearer to me e'en friendship's frown,
Than flattery's honied guile,
Oh, blest as heaven's approvals shewn,
In fond affection's smile.

For me, when no congenial mind,
Shall share my joys and woes,
Grant heaven my widow'd heart may find,
The silent grave's repose.

SYDNEY.

From the National Intelligencer.

ST. AUGUSTINE.

A letter from a gentleman in the south to his friend in this city, gives the following description of the town and fortress of St. Augustine:

"As I have just returned from St. Augustine, (on a jaunt of curiosity) I presume a description of the situation of that place will not be uninteresting to you.

St. Augustine is situated on the Main, about two miles within the bar, immediately opposite the inlet; it is not passable for vessels drawing over fifteen feet of water. The Island of Matanzies runs nearly parallel with the ocean, and forms a point of the south end of St. Augustine inlet. This is principally solid rock, composed of the concretions of shells, and what is generally made use of for building in the city, and is hewn out in large blocks. It is better calculated for the construction of fortifications than any other material I am acquainted with—and, with proper cement, forms a solid mass of rock.

Fort St. Marks is built of this rock, and presents a most formidable appearance upon entering the harbor. It is situated on the northern extremity of the city of St. Augustine, commanding the entrance of the harbor, and is sufficiently elevated to secure the city from attack on that quarter. In the rear of the city is an impenetrable morass or marsh, nearly encircling it; on the margin of which are erected six redoubts. The fort is 20 feet high, and the walls 12 feet thick; it mounts 36 guns; it is four square, with a bastion at each corner, each mounting eight 24 pounders, with a glacis encircling the work.

The city contains about 500 houses, built of the kind of stone before described; has a population of 5000 souls principally Minorcans and natives of the province. There are the remains of a convent and government house—the latter occupied by black troops. The Catholic church resembles an old Gothic building.—The city exhibits the remains of ancient splendor, but is now evidently going to decay.

The situation of the country contiguous is very low, but exceeding well adapted to the cultivation of vegetables of every description in the southern country. The atmosphere is, perhaps, less humid than any country I have been in, and, is, I conceive, better calculated for northern constitutions than any southern station I have visited.

Fish in great abundance is to be caught in the harbor, but owing to the indolence of the inhabitants, the market is badly supplied. Oranges are indigenous in this section of the country, also many other delicious fruits.

The lands on the river St. John are considered more fertile, and most advantageously situated for planters: and after passing 20 miles up, it changes its direction, and runs parallel with the ocean for 150 miles. I am under the impression that the most of St. Johns will be particularly well calculated for commercial men, and men of enterprise, as the bar is much better, and, after passing the bar, vessels may go 150 miles without the least impediment.

St. Francisville, (La.) May 22.

LOCUSTS.

Louisiana is this season visited by myriads of these insects. You cannot leave the village without having your ears stunned with their offensive cry. As yet no injury has been sustained from them.—But who can say how long they will remain inoffensive? We hope they will not descend from the *high* station where they are now *located*, (the tops of our tallest trees) to our cotton fields. God preserve and protect us, if they do! a *bad rot*—worse locusts—and *from fourteen to seventeen cents for cotton*. Then hie to the bank and the usurer.

Boston, June 10.

The bill providing for the separation of the District of Maine from Massachusetts, and for giving the consent of the Legislature to the establishment of it as an independent state on certain conditions, yesterday passed in the Senate, yeas 26, nays 11. The nine senators from Maine voted in favour of the bill.—Of those who voted against it, three are republicans, the rest federalists.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

June 18.—The bill relating to the Separation of Maine from Massachusetts, was again taken up yesterday and debated, and on the question of passing the same to be engrossed, it was decided by Yeas and Nays, in the affirmative—Yeas 192—Nays 50.

Philadelphia, June 21.

The Ordinance of the city, relating to Dogs, goes into operation this day. We understand that several cart loads of these animals, were taken up early this morning; and the citizens already begin to experience the salutary effects of the law, as they can now walk the streets with some degree of security and composure.

Robbery of the Southern Mail.

The Post-Master of this city received this morning a letter from Richmond, dated June 13th, from which we have been permitted to make the following extract.

"The Mail between Petersburg and Richmond was robbed by the driver on the night of the 11th inst. He was taken in the afternoon of the 12th, and committed to prison. All the letters were found in his trunk, and but few of them opened; *he got no money*, nor is there a letter missing. The packages taken from the mail were directed to Washington City, Baltimore, Philadelphia and New York. They will all be forwarded to the General Post Office. The robber was detected by the vigilance of the Northern Mail drivers, Mr. Ephraim Warner and Henry Dyer, both of whom are in our employ."

New-York, June 19.

HYDROPHOBIA.

Mr. Lang, states that a man, residing in Pike-street, has been bitten by a mad dog, and is now labouring under the influence of the hydrophobia, in its worst form. Mr. Lang has been misinformed—the person he alludes to, has been for a few days past, making use of the scull-cap, but in too small quantities, and one of the symptoms of hydrophobia began to appear; the dose was increased yesterdy; this morning he is much relieved and great hopes are entertained of his actual recovery. This information may be relied upon, as I have it personally from his two attending physicians, And here I am sorry to add, but it is my duty to do so, that on application to Mr. Williams son-in-law to Lewis, who had the scull-cap, he took advantage of the circumstances, and demanded the sum of ten dollars, for a very small quantity, by no means sufficient to effect a cure. Some public spirited gentlemen have interested themselves in the pursuit of this plant, and I am authorised to refer those who have occasion for it, to Mr Henry Peacock, 111, Cherry street, who has a large quantity on hand.

Masonry.—The Grand Royal Arch Chapter of the state of Vermont, held their annual communication at Rutland, on the 2d ult. when the usual number of officers were elected, and the following resolution was unanimously passed. *Resolved*, that this Grand Chapter present the American Education Society, the sum of forty dollars for the purpose of constituting the rev. Jonathan Nye, Grand Chapter, a member for life.

Detroit, June 18.

The Steam-Boat Walk-in-the-water arrived here last Tuesday morning, and departed on the following morning for Mackinac, having about sixty passengers, and a full freight of goods belonging to the American Fur Company. Among the passengers were Gen. Brown & suit, Cols. Smith and Jones, several navy and army officers, and many respectable citizens from different parts of the United States. She is expected to return in about 8 days.

Ghent, April 12.—We learn from good authority, that a fort is to be erected without this city near the Courtray Gate. Oudenarde and Dendermonde are also to be strengthened.

Stockholm, March 23.—A strong and extensive fortress is to be constructed in the centre of Sweden, between the lakes Venern and Vetter, which is to serve as a general magazine and place of retreat for the Swedish army, in case of a reverse, and as a bulwark against foreign invasion.

From London papers.

Northern Expedition—The Hecla & Griper have sailed from from Deptford on the voyage of discovery to the Arctic regions. In addition to this expedition, another is about to be undertaken by land, which is to proceed in a northern direction from the Hudson Bay Company's settlements. The persons to be employed in this arduous undertaking, it is said, are selected; and from the assistance of the North American tribes, every prospect of success is entertained. It will be recollected that, many years ago, Mr. Herne, and more recently Mr. M'Kenzie, fell in with the sea at two intermediate points, a considerable distance from each other between Bherings Straits and Baffin's Bay.

Extract from Capt. Ross's work:—"August 18. Lat. 76. While the moon was in sight, she had the appearance of following the sun around the horizon, and while these bodies were passing in Azimuth along the tops of the mountains, the snow which covered them, & which had naturally a yellow tinge, had naturally a lustre of gold, and the reflection of these upon the sky, produced a rich green tint, so delicately beautiful, as to surpass description. On the other hand, the rays of the sun darting over the tops of the mountains, came in contact with the icebergs, which appeared like as many edifices of silver, adorned with precious stones of every variety."——Such were the magic scenes enjoyed during *a day*, which lasted from the 7th of June to the 24th of August, or 1872 hours, without the sun setting to their view.

Duel between Lord Donoughmore and Col. Bagwell.—Early on Monday morning week, a duel took place between the Earl of Donoughmore and Colonel Bagwell, about three miles from London, on the Uxbridge road. The noble Earl was accompanied by Sir Robert Wilson, and Colonel Bagwell by Mr. James Daly. It was agreed by the seconds to toss up for the first fire, and the principals having taken their station, Sir Robert gave the signal to fire, by throwing up his hat. Colonel Bagwell fired and missed. The Earl missed fire. Colonel Bagwell insisted he should fire; the Earl said it was impossible. Sir Robert Wilson observed the miss was decisive of a shot. This led to an attempt, on the part of the seconds, to accommodate the business, which was attended with success, and the parties shook hands.

Awful and singular death.—On Sunday last Mr. Chickley, carpenter, of the Spey, attended at Kingston-Church to be married, and the religious rite having been completed by his signing the church book in the vestry room, he was in the act of putting his hand into his pocket to pay the clerk, the usual fees, when he was seized with apoplexy, sunk down and shortly afterwards expired. He was in his 44th year. He had been married twice before.

Caution.—Velocipede.—We are much concerned to announce to the public a melancholy accident, that has occurred from the use of this newly invented machine. On Monday last about three o'clock, as two of these vehicles were descending the hill leading from Durdham down to the Black Boy publick house, with prodigious velocity, one of them came in contact with a lad near the bottom of the hill, who was thrown down by the force of the machine, which passed over his leg and fractured it in a most dreadful manner. We lament to add that the rider had not the humanity to take the least care of the unfortunate sufferer, but again mounting his velocipede (which had been upset) pursued his course with the greatest unconcern. The father of the child has been making every effort to discover the author of his child's misfortune, but we fear hitherto without success.

CURIOUS ADVERTISEMENT.

The following advertisement appeared in Granway's Daily Advertiser, printed in Calcutta, on the 6th of September, 1817.—"Be it known that six fair and pretty young Ladies with two sweet and engaging children, lately imported from Europe, having roses of health blooming on their cheeks and joy sparkling in their eyes, possessing amiable tempers, and highly accomplished, yielding tacitly to all necessary wishes, whom the most indifferent cannot behold without expressions of rapture, are to be raffled for, next door to the British Gallery. Scheme 20 Tickets, at 12 Rupees each. The highest of the three throws, doubtless, takes the most fascinating.

MUNGO PARK.

To the Editors of the Liverpool Mer.

Gentlemen—I have this morning received a letter, via Malta, from a brother of mine at Juddah, on the Red Sea, from which I send you the following extract; if you think any credit is due to the assertions of Pearce, you can, (if you think proper) give it a place in your paper, if not you can easily burn it.

Your's &c. H. B.
Liverpool, May 16, 1819.

December 18, 1818.—On my arrival at Juddah, a place where I did not expect to hear an English word, I was accosted by a man in the costume of the country, with, 'Are you an Englishman?' My answer being in the affirmative, appeared to give him pleasure beyond expression. 'Thanks and praises to God! (he exclaimed,) I once more hear an English tongue, which I have not done for fourteen years before.' I have been much amused by him since; his account of the Abyssineans, the inhabitants of a country that has absorbed fourteen years of his existence, is truly interesting. You must no doubt have heard or read of him; he is that Nathaniel Pearce spoken of by Mr. Salt, in his account of his travels to Abyssinia. He was left there by Lord Valentia, and has been the greater part of the time in the service of one or other of the chiefs in various parts of the country.—At the time I met with him, he was endeavouring to make his way to Tombuctoo, where he says Mungo Park is still in existence, detained by the chief. He says almost the whole country almost adolize him for his skill in surgery, astronomy, &c. They say he is an angel, come from heaven to administer comforts to them; and he explains to them the motions and uses of the heavenly bodies. He is, Pearce says, very desirous to make his escape, but finds it impossible. 'What! (say they,) do you suppose us so foolish as to part with so invaluable a treasure? If you go away, where are we to find another possessing so much knowledge, or who will do us so much good!' Pearce appeared to have been resolutely bent on endeavouring to reach Tombuctoo, but had for sometime been labouring under severe illness."

A Supplement

To the Ordinance, concerning Fines, Forfeitures and Costs of prosecution.

Section 1. Be it ordained and enacted by the citizens of Pittsburgh, in Select & Common Councils assembled—That the ordinance passed on the ninth day of August, A. D. 1816, entitled "An Ordinance concerning fines, forfeitures, and costs of prosecution," be so altered and amended, that hereafter the city officers, respectively, shall be entitled to receive one half of all fines and forfeitures imposed and recovered for violation of any of the laws, ordinances, or regulations of the city, on information given by any of said officers, in the same manner and under the same restrictions aud provisions as other informers in similar prosecutions.

Ordained and enacted into a law in council, the 26th day of June, 1819.

WM. WILKINS, Prest.
Common Council.
Attest—S. Engles, Clerk Common Council.
JAMES ROSS, Prest.
Select council.
Attest—James M. Riddle, Clerk Select Council.

WILLIAM H. DENNY, & HENRY M. CAMPBELL

HAVE associated in the practice of the LAW. Their office is in Third, five doors west of Wood street.

Pittsburgh, May 21.

Nail Cutter Wanted.

A STEADY, sober and industrious man is wanted as a Nail Cutter, to whom liberal wages will be given.

MILLER & WILSON.
Pittsburgh, July 2. tf

FOR SALE.
50 groce Bonnet Boards,
Of a superior quality,
100 Reams WRAPPING PAPER,
Roll'd Iron, Nail & Spike Rods,
CUT NAILS.
THOMAS G. LEA & CO.
Pittsburgh, June 2.

The City Fencibles

WILL parade on Grants Hill, on the morning of Monday the 5th of July next, completely armed and equipped.

JAMES HALL, Capt.
June 2.

George Miltenberger,

Bell & Brass Founder,
COPPER-SMITH,
TIN-PLATE & SHEET-IRON WORKER,
Front street, next door to the Post-Office,
Respectfully informs the public that he manufactures and keeps always on hand,
BELLS,
or Churches, Court-houses, Academy's Factory's, Taverns, etc.
Warranted equal to any in the United States—
STILLS,
Of all sizes—Wash, Hatters, Plank, Dye, Stew & Tea
Kettles;
Still-cocks, Rivets, Solder, Block Tin, Spelter, Sheet Brass and Sheet Iron,
With a large and general assortment of
Tin Ware.
Pittsburgh, June 22, 1819——tf

NEW MUSIC.

THE subscriber has just received an additiona supply of

New Music and Musical
INSTRUMENTS.

Which with his stock on hand, comprises the most complete assortment ever offered in this place—consisting of

VIOLINS	from	$ 3 to 30
Flutes		3 to 15
Clarionets		10 to 16
Flageolets		1 to 9
Fifes		50 cents to 2
Violin Bows		1 to 9
Violoncellos		40

Also a variety of New Music, Fashionable Airs, Songs, &c.

And STRINGS of every description.

N. RICHARDSON.
Pittsburgh, March 23.

Miller and Wilson,
At their Store in Wood between Front and Water Streets,
HAVE FOR SALE,

JUNIATA BAR IRON,
Rolled ditto,
Nail and Deck Rods,
Crowley & Blister Steel,
Sprigs, hinges & screws,
Spinning-wheel Irons,
Trace and Log chains,
Patent beams and Steelyards,
Axes, hoes, shovels and Spades,
Shingling hatchets, and claw-hammers,
Scythes and sickles,
Drawing-knives & Gridirons,
Ladles, skimmers, and flesh-forks,
Carpenter's adze',
Plough Irons,
Cow-bells,
Castings, assorted,
Pittsburgh & Kentucky Manufac. Tobacco,
Spanish and country Sugars,
Rappee & Scotch Snuff,
Rosin soap and candles,
Powder, Shot and Lead,
Earthen & Queensware,
Whiskey, Gin and Cherry-bounce,
Allspice, pepper & nutmegs,
Copperas, rosin, indigo,
Cheese, bacon and Venison hams,
Mackarel, shad and Herring,
Bed cords and Plough lines,
Rigging, fishing, chalk lines, etc. etc.

Tea, Coffee, Lump and N. O. Sugar.
Cut and Hammer'd Nails,
Coffee mills,
Curry combs,
Window glass,
Screw augers.
Pittsburgh, February 28, 1818.——

I. DOANE,
Offers for sale at his ware-house on the Bank near Wood street.
A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF
HARDWARE
Ironmongery,
CUTLERY &c.—Among which are
Steel of all kinds, Saws, Tools, Wire, Round Iron, Spikes, Nails, Boat Nails, Anvils, Vices, CASTINGS, &c. &c.
ALSO,
TAR & ROSIN—by the barrel,
50 Kegs best manufactured TOBACCO.
Commission Business,
Attended to as usual.
Pittsburgh, May 18, 1819.—y
A few pounds of the genuine
Pipsissiway,
or PYROLA UMBELLATTA, so celebrated for the cure of CANCERS; collected by a medical gentleman, on the Brandywine, near Wilmington, Del. For Sale.

M'Dermott & Bartram.

At their Warehouse in Market Street, between Second and Third streets,
PITTSBURGH,

Have always on hand a large and general assortment of

Groceries, Wines & Liquors.

Which they will sell on low and accommodating terms, being regularly supplied from Philadelphia and Baltimore, and have always on hand the following Articles:

Gunpowder, Imperial, Young Hyson, Hyson Skin, & Souchong } TEAS *of first quality*
Prime Green Coffee in Bags and Barrels,
Common ditto,
Spanish flotant & Bengal Indigo,
Loaf and lump Sugar,
Muscovado ditto,
Spanish Cigars,
Common ditto,
Rice, Copperas,
English Refined Saltpetre,
Brimstone, Allum, Madder,
Cinnamon, Cloves, Nutmegs,
Alspice, Mace, Ginger, Pepper, Mustard,
Madeira, Teneriffe & Lisbon } WINES *of a super or quality*
4th Proof Cogniac Brandy,
ditto, Jamaica Spirits
Holland Gin, Country Gin,
Whiskey,
Pittsburgh & Kentucky Manufactured Tobacco, &c.

N. B. *ALL KINDS OF COUNTRY PRODUCE TAKEN IN EXCHANGE FOR GOODS.*

November 20 mo2

B. Darlington,

Has just received at his *Hardware Store,* Market Street, between Third and Fourth Streets,

A general assortment of

Hardware and Cutlery,

together with a general assortment of

SADDLERY

Consisting of

COTTON and straining web, plated bitts and stirrups, buckles and slides, tinned curb bitts and stirrups, morocco skins, seal skins and white leather. Shovels and spades, socket shovels and steel hoes, mill, cut, whip and boat builders saws, anvils, English blister steel, and cast steel. Also, on hand,

4000lbs. Block Tin.

All which will be sold wholesale and retail, on accommodating terms.

Pittsburgh January 22, 1819. t1wtf

Louisville Insurance Company.

NOTICE is hereby given, that conformably to an act of the Legislature of the commonwealth of Kentucky, approved January 31st 1818 the Louisville Insurance Company have been duly organized, and that one hundred thousand dollars of its capital have been paid in, and that this company are now ready to make Insurance on Vessels, Boats or Crafts navigating the Western waters, and upon Goods, Wares and Merchandize transported thereon.

THOMAS PRATHER, Pres't.
F. E. GODDARD, Secretary.
Louisville May 4. 257

The Copartnership

HERETOFORE existing between the subscribers under the firm of SAMUEL EDGAR & Co. is this day dissolved by mutual consent. All persons having demands will please present them, and those indebted are requested to make immediate payment to George Sutton, who is duly authorised to settle the concerns of the firm.

Samuel Edgar,
George Sutton

Pittsburgh, June 8, 1819.

$100 Reward,

FOR apprehending and securing a Negro Man, named

ABEL,

who eloped from the subscriber, on the first day of May, between the towns of Brownsville and Pittsburgh, about 10 miles above the latter. It is presumed he will proceed to Brownsville or Pittsburgh. He is near 6 feet high—very black, has thick lips, and is rather spare made than otherwise—he is about 23 years of age—had on when he went off a dark coloured big coat. The person apprehending said negro will forward the information of his being taken, as soon as practicable to the subscriber living in Henderson, Ken. If the negro be apprehended before the first of July next, the apprehender will write as speedily as possible to Samuel G. Hencock, Centreville, Fairfax County, Virginia, who will pay the above reward and all reasonable charges.

WILLIAM HENCOCK.

May 1.

Farmers and Mechanics Bank

OF PITTSBURGH.

THE Stockholders in the Farmers and Mechanics Bank of Pittsburgh, are requested to meet at the Banking house of said Bank, on Wednesday the 14th of July, at 10 o'clock, A. M. for the purpose of taking into consideration the affairs of the Institution.

By order of the Board of Directors,
MORGAN NEVILLE, Cashier.

June 15.

Bauduy's

BRANDYWINE POWDER.

110 KEGS

Just received, and for Sale by

WILLIAM M'CANDLESS.

Pittsburgh, February 29. tf

Machine Cards.

The subscribers have lately received an assortment of

MACHINE CARDS,

(warranted of the best quality) from the manufactory of ISAAC SOUTHGATE, Leicester, Mass. which they are enabled to dispose of at the wholesale prices of the eastward, with the addition of carriage only.

BOSLER & Co.

Pittsburgh, April 27, 1819. 1a3m

☞ The Cards are assorted so as to enable persons not desiring a full sett, to get any particular kind they may want.

MARRIED, on Thursday evening last, by the rev. Mr Davis, Mr. WILLIAM P. HUGHES to Miss EMILY EARLE, daughter of Mr. William Earle—all of this city.

Just Manufactured & For Sale,

AT

TOWNES'

Manufactory, corner of Third and Wood streets, Pittsburgh,

A LARGE AND GENERAL ASSORTMENT
of ELEGANT

Landscape Paper Hangings

OF ENTIRELY NEW PATTERNS.

J. TOWNE, will furnish the Western Merchants with the above articles as low as they can be bought either in New-York, Philadelphia, or Baltimore. He has also on hand, and will constantly keep, a large assortment of low priced papers suitable for retailing, at the following rates, viz. 50, 56, 62, 75, and 87 cents per Roll. A discount of 5 per cent will be given for prompt payment.

Papers of the above description, may be had at

R. Patterson & Lambdin's

Book & Stationary Store, Fourth street, Pittsburgh, at the same rates as at the Manufactory.

The Western Merchants will find it their interest in purchasing at Pittsburgh, as they will save, not only the expense of carriage, but also he exchanges between Eastern and Western funds.

☞ All kinds of LOTTERY & EXCHANGE BUSINESS transacted by

J. Towne.

January 15. tf

Crate Warehouse.

H. LANGTRY & Co.

In Third, near Market street,

Have received in addition to their former stock

20 Crates Queensware

which will be sold low for cash. They have also received direct from England

50 *CASKS & BUNDLES*

HARDWARE,

Comprising a general assortment—consisting, in part, of

50 dozen WALDRON'S Grass and Grain SCYTHES,
Copper and patent metal Tea-kettles,
Sauce-pans, Coffee-mills, and Frying-pans,
Spades, Shovels, Anvils and Vices,
Cross cut, mill, hand, pannel and brass-back'd SAWS,
Locks, latches, hinges, screws and bolts,
Table, desert, pen & pocket knives & carvers,
Straw, drawing, saddlers and curriers knives,
Shoe and butcher knives, razors and scissors,
Chissels, plane-irons, braces and bitts,
Squares, rules and compasses,
Files, rasps, combs and brushes,
Adzes, hammers and steelyards,
Brass wire and chain, Pulleys and scale-beams
Gun and Rifle locks, shot-belts and flints,
Common and plated SADDLERY,
30 faggots Crowley M. Steel

IN STORE,

Wrought and cut Nails, Soal Leather,
Prime SHAD—caught this season.

ON CONSIGNMENT,

15 *groce Eagle and Broom CARDS.*

Pittsburgh, June 18. 1aw8t.

JAMES ADAMS

Having determined to recommence the

Commission Business,

at his old Warehouse in PITTSBURGH, has associated himself with LEWIS HUTCHISON, of *Maysville, (Ken.)* They will after the first inst. transact said business in all its various branches, under the firm of

Adams & Hutchison.

JAMES ADAMS.
LEWIS HUTCHISON.

April 2,

Doctor J. S. Irwin

HAS commenced the practice of MEDICINE in this city. He will be found at his office on the north side of Fourth, near Market street, where he will attend to the calls of his friends, and faithfully discharge the duties of his profession to all those who will favor him with their patronage.

June 18.

ORMSBY AND DOANE,

HAVE FOR SALE

100 kegs first quality Manufac. Tobacco,
30 Tons assorted Castings,
Juniata Bar Iron,
Plough Plates,
20 Bushels Hickory Nuts,
Rosin Soap,

56 bbls. rectified Lake Salt,

Axes, Nails, Chains, &c. &c.

Pittsburgh, February 9, 1819.

William Crawford,

CABINET MAKER,

RESPECTFULLY informs his friends and the public that he has commenced the above business in Fourth, between Market and Wood streets, adjoining the house of Mrs. Wilkins, and that as he is determined to make his work in the best and most fashionable manner, he flatters himself he will obtain a share of public patronage.

☞ Orders from a distance promptly attended to.

Pittsburgh, April 30.——6m

Copartnership.

WILLIAM & JOHN HILL, having formed a copartnership in trade with their brother JAMES. The business in future will be transacted under the firm of

William Hill and Brothers,

who offer for sale on accomodating terms at their *Wholesale warehouse, in Market, near Front street,*

WITH A LARGE & GENERAL ASSORTMENT OF

MERCHANDIZE

Pittsburgh, January 1 1819.——tf

Spring Goods.

M S. MASON

Is opening his Spring supply of

DRY GOODS,

CONSISTING OF

SUPERFINE, middling and coarse CLOTHS, Cassimeres, Velveteens, & Cords—Printed Marseilles and Toilinette Vesting, Steam-loom and Madapollam Shirting—Cambric, Jaconet, Leno and Book Muslins, Bombazetts, Irish Linens and Sheetings, Ginghams, Super Prints and Furniture Calico, Imitation and Printed Shawls, India Muslins—Black Silk, Canton, Flag, Bandannoe, Madrass and Fancy Handkerchiefs, Bed Ticking, Hosiery, Black and Coloured Sarsanetts, Florences, Levantine, English and India black and coloured Sewing Silk and Twist, Pins, Cotton Balls, with numerous other articles, together with a variety of

Domestic Goods,

SUCH AS

Plaids, Stripes, Chambrays,

Checks, Shirting, Ticking, &c.

Which are offered for sale by the Package of piece, on accommodating terms.

ALSO

LEGHORN AND STRAW BONNETS.

Pittsburgh, May 4.

100 Barrels Flour,

FOR SALE.

Pittsburgh Soap Factory.

THE subscriberss have a SOAP FACTORY in complete operation, and will constantly have a large supply of this article, warranted equal to any manufactured in the country, which they will dispose of at reduced prices.

WM. HILL & BROTHERS.

April 9.

WE wish to let that eligible stand for business at the corner of Market and Front streets, lately in the occupancy of Messrs. Peebles, Tweedy & Co.

LAKE SALT.

70 Barrels will be sold low for

CASH BY

ALLEN & GRANT.

Pittsburgh, Feb. 16, 1819.

D. & J. Chute,

Have just received a good assortment of

SHOES,

Suitable for the season. They also, daily expect a new arrival.

Pittsburgh, May 21.

To Let,

A Convenient DWELLING HOUSE in Liberty Street, near the mouth of Diamond Alley.

Apply to JOHN M'DONALD.

Pittsburgh, April 23, 1819

Joseph Armorer

Has the pleasure to inform his friends and the public generally, that he has just returned from Baltimore and Philadelphia with a complete assortment of

DRY GOODS,

AND

GROCERIES,

which he is now selling on the most reasonable terms, at his store in the, Diamond. He at the same time tenders his sincere thanks for past favors and earnestly hopes for a continuance.

Pittsburgh, April 13.

N. B. *A good assortment of English & French THREAD LACE & EDGINGS,*

LEGHORN & STRAW BONNETS.

Black Lace Veils and Squares 6-4 & 7-4

Information Wanted.

40 DOLLARS REWARD.

ABOUT 12 or 14 years since, two brothers, named CHRISTIAN & BENJAMIN Mr. J. LINGER, left Pittsburgh in a boat belonging to a Mr. Bell, and no certain information has been heard of them since. It was reported that the boat was lost and the crew drowned. I will give a reward of 20 dollars to any person who informs me of their being alive, and directs me where to find them; and if dead 40 dollars will be given to any one adducing legal evidence of the fact. The person who is able to furnish the wished for information, is respectfully requested to direct a letter to the subscriber living about two miles from Hanover, in M'Sherry's town, Adams county, Penn.

DAVID MILLINGER.

May 18.

A Most Valuable Estate.

FOR SALE.

THAT beautiful estate, commonly known by the name of MONTOURS' or LONG ISLAND, about five miles below Pittsburgh, in the Ohio river, containing in the whole 1,000 acres, is offered for sale. It is divided into three separate tracts, on each of which there are handsome improvements; the land is of the best quality, well timbered, and not subject to overflow. It is universally esteemed, both as to soil and situation, the finest property in the western country. The proprietors would prefer selling the whole in a body, but to suit purchasers, it may be divided into three tracts.

The terms may be known by applying to Major Isaac Craig on the premises, or to the subscriber, who is agent for the proprietors, at his office in Pittsburgh.

JAMES HALL,
Attorney at Law

Cut Tacks and Sprigs.

Ormsby and Doane,

HAVE or sale, *Cut Tacks and Sprigs* of all *sizes,* from the Abington Factory, (Massachusetts.) being appointed agents for the sale of those articles, offer them at the manufacturing prices, with the addition of carriage and charges.

Orders for Tacks and Sprigs received and attended to.

Pittsburgh, October 22

New-Jersey

NAVIGATION LOTTERY,

By authority of the State of New-Jersey, passed February 1819.

To be drawn at CAMDEN, opposite the city of PHILADELPHIA.

SCHEME.

1	prize of 20,000	Dollars	is	20,000
2	10,000	Dollars	is	20,000
4	5,000	Dolars	is	20,000
5	3,000	Dollars	is	15,000
6	2,000	Dollars	is	12,000
25	1,000	Dollars	is	25,000
20	500	Dollars	is	10,000
40	200	Dollars	is	8,000
60	100	Dollars	is	6,000
220	20	Dollars	is	4,400
7960	10	Dollars	is	79,600

8343 Prizes— 16657 Blanks—Not two blanks to a prize.

FLOATING PRIZES.

1	Prize of 10,000	Dollars	is	10,000
2	5,000			10,000
2	3,000			6,000
3	2,000			6,000
15	1,000			15,000
15	500			75,00
40	200			8,000
60	100			6,000
220	20			4,400
7960	10			79,600

STATIONARY PRIZES.

The first drawn Blank on the

1st day	$3,000	14th day	$1,000
2d	500	15th	1,000
3d	500	16th	1,000
4th	500	17th	1,000
5th	500	18th	2,000
6th	500	19th	2,000
7th	1,000	20th	2,000
8th	1,000	21st	3,000
9th	1,000	22d	3,000
10th	1,000	23d	5,000
11th	1,000	24th	10,000
12th	1,000	25th	20,000
13th	5,000		

25,000 Tickets at 10 Dols.

WITHOUT DEDUCTION.

To draw THREE times a week, and 1000 numbers each day, Prizes payable without deduction, Sixty days after the drawing is completed.

INTERNAL NAVIGATION, the object of the above scheme, must be allowed by all, to be of the highest importance to these United States and every good citizen must feel himself deeply interested on every intimation of undertakings, having Internal improvement in view, being set on foot, and be desirous of aiding according to his abilities, towards the promotion thereof.

Under these impressions, the Commissioners in presenting the above Scheme to a generous public, feel a confidence of general and universal support and encouragement, but more particularly from their sister States, Pennsylvania, New-York, Delaware and Maryland; who, we may safely say, have never appealed in vain to their sister state of New Jersey; but on the contrary, have been, and ever will be, generously supported by her, in the like and other improvements.

As to the Scheme, the commissioners have endeavoured to suit it to the circumstances of all The low price of tickets will preclude very few from an opportunity of securing an independence for life, or acquiring a very handsome remuneration for the trifle advanced.

The many rich prizes it contains, with the others, will all be paid without deduction at the Camden Bank, where the money received for the Tickets will be deposited immediately, for the sole use of the Lottery.

Although there are 25 Capital Stationary Prizes amounting to ☞ $67,500, one for each drawing day, yet there remain afloat as many large and valuable prizes, amounting to the sum of $152,500, as are generally to be met with in a whole Scheme, and the whole payable without any deduction therefrom. And for the accommodation of the fortunate adventurers in this Lottery, who may wish to receive their money immediately, a provision will be made at the said Bank for the payment of the prizes the VERY DAY they are drawn, on allowing the customary discount, as in Philadelphia or New-York.

The Lottery will be drawn in Camden, opposite the city of Philadelphia, and the Manager flatters himself that such encouragement will be given by a generous public as will enable him in the course of a very few weeks, to announce in the papers of the several states, the day the drawing will commence.

Contractors will be allowed a liberal discount.

JOSIAH HARRISON, Manager.
Lucius Q. C. Elmer,
Josiah Brick
John Trenchard, Jr.
Elias P. Seely, Jr. Esq.
Commissioners appointed by the Legislature
Camden, N. J. May 26, 1819.

☞ The sale of Tickets in the foregoing scheme is expected to be unusually brisk—It will therefore be the interest of adventurers to make early application, as tickets will soon be raised in price, Whole Tickets, Ten Dollars—Half Tickets, Five Dollars—Quarter Tickets, Two Dollars and fifty cents. All letters addressed to me must be post paid, and shall be answered by return of mail.

MILES H. HUGHES,
No. 31, Church Alley

POWDER.

Purviance's Genuine Rough &
GLAZED

POWDER,

FOR SALE BY

M'DERMOTT & BARTRAM.

Pittsburgh, June 4. 3m

COFFEE.

Prime Green COFFEE,

IN BAGS,

FOR SALE, BY

ALLEN & GRANT.

Pittsburgh, April 30.

WILLIAM H. DENNY, & HENRY M. CAMPBELL

HAVE associated in the practice of the LAW. Their office is in Third, five doors west of Wood street.

Pittsburgh, May 21.

H. Bonnet and Rouau

Market, between Second and Third

HAVE just received, and weekly rece large assortment of

Domestic Chambray,

Stripes,
Plaids,
Sheeting,
Ticking,
Canton Crape,
Lace Shawls,
Viels,
Fine Thread-lace

Linen and Cotton Damask Table C

And a good supplement to their usual of

CLOTH, CASSIMERES, CASSINETT, M SKIN, VELVET, BAIZE, FLANNEL

Blankets, Bombazetts, Silk, Cotton and W Hosiery, India Muslin, Silk, Imitation and glish Shawls,

And a supplement to their usual assortment

Silk of every kind for dress and bonnets,
Sewing silk cord and Chenills,
Silk, kid and Angola gloves,
Canton, Italian and French crapes,
Silk galoons and ribbonds of all sorts,
Scotch thread, cotton balls, and tapes,
Millinet, wires and trimmings,
Bandannas, flag and fringed handkerchiefs,
Pocket, Madrass, and other ditto,
Calicoes, Dimity and Ginghams,
Irish linnen, shirting and long cloth,
Domestic cotton, and shirting,
Silk, Marseilles and other vesting,
Thread, silk, cotton, and silver lace,
Lace veils and shawls,
Merino, velvet and lace redicule,
Suspenders, webbing and binding,
Pins, bell and plated buttons,
Beads of every sort, and pocket books,
An assortment of real gold JEWELRY,
A few dozen men and woman's Saddles,
Shot of every size,
Lead in pigs,
Best Spanish Cigars.

Which they will dispose of, on the most m rate terms, for Cash, or liberal credit for ap ved notes.

Pittsburgh, June 19. ——

The Subscriber

OFFERS his services to his friends and public as a

Surveyor;

and he hopes by his industry and attenti business to merit a portion of public patro

MAGNUS M MURRA

Pittsburgh, March 5.

FOR SALE,

67 Barrels of New Orleans

SUGAR,

Received by the Steam Boat Constitution.—ply to J. WHITIN

Pittsburgh, May 25, 1819.——4t.

Windy Works!!

Pittsburgh Factory,

CORNER OF SMITHFIELD AND THIRD STREE

WHERE ARE MADE,

Forge & Tilt-hammer,

SILVER, WHITE, BLACK AND COP SMITH, NAILORS AND BRAZIER

BELLOWS,

Of a quality equal to any in the United State

Orders from any part of the Western Co filled with despatch, and shipped per order.

Liberal discounts made to merchants and ers who purchase to sell again.

J. W. TREMBL

April 23, 1819. 2aw1m1aw2m1am

TWO Apprentices wanted to the above siness. Boys from the country will have preference.

Charles Postley's Patent

COOKING STO

OR PORTABLE KITCHENS.

MANUFACTURED and sold by H MILLER & Co in 2d street, two doo the corner of Wood streets, Pittsburgh.

This Stove with fixtures complete, ses every necessary article of apparatus extensive cooking establishment.

The different sizes are calculated to cooking for small or large families, public and Steam-boats, and are so extremely si their construction as to be managed by a child, twelve or fourteen years of age.

With this Stove may be cooked, by roasting, boiling and by steam, a sufficie meats, fish, fowls and vegetables, to ner for from 5 to 100 persons, while at time may be baked from 1 to 8 loaves of

A wooden vessel containing from fifty gallons of water, can also be kept for the purposes of washing, &c. All done simultaneously and with one small

The circumstance of these Stoves havin into very general use at the eastward, or 3 years past, particularly in the cities of York and Baltimore, with the rapid sale general approbation they have met with their first introduction last winter, west of mountains, are sufficient testimonials of the utility and advantage.

The subscribers having purchased of the pa tee the right for making and vending said Sto in the Western country, is ready to execute punctuality and despatch, all orders at his ufactory, as above, where also may be had, and Sheet Iron Stoves, suitable for Parlours, ces, Stores & Bed-rooms, to which boilers be attached if wanted.

The proprietors to accommodate persons siding in different parts of the country, have ed a store in Main street, Cincinnati, and also pointed agents, as follows—OHIO, N. C. Zanesville; James Effinger, Lancaster; McCoy, Chilicothe. KENTUCKY, Samuel uary, Sen. & Co. Maysville; J. & P. Frankfort; J. B Bowles, Louisville; Stephens & Co. Lexington. TENNESSE Joseph Litton, Nashville. INDIANA, Cochran, Madison. LOUISIANA, James Wilkins, Natchez. MISSOURI TERRITO Messrs. Neal and Liggett, St. Louis.

H. MILLER & Co.

May 7, 1819.